

※ 본 교과과의 시험문항은 선택형 26문항(배점 80점), 서답형 4문항(배점 20점)으로 전체 30문항이며, 시험지는 모두 5페이지 3장입니다. 문항수와 시험지 매수를 반드시 확인 하십시오.

※ 다음 물음에 대한 가장 알맞은 답이나 답의 번호를 답안지에 표기하고, 서술형은 제시한 조건에 맞게 서술형 문항 답안 작성란에 작성하십시오.

1. 다음 단어 중 대상의 '상태나 성질'을 나타내는 말이 아닌 것은? (2점)

- ① similar
- ② strange
- ③ quickly
- ④ unique
- ⑤ useful

2. 다음 두 문장의 빈칸에 공통으로 들어갈 알맞은 단어는? (2점)

- Speeches _____ be 3 to 5 minutes long.
- What _____ I do to avoid popcorn brain?

- ① can ② must ③ would
- ④ should ⑤ might

3. 다음 대화의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (2점)

- B: I play soccer every Saturday.
 G: Which is better, yoga or soccer?
 B: I think soccer is better.
 G: _____ ?
 B: Because I want to feel the energy.

- ① Why don't you play soccer?
- ② Why do you think so?
- ③ What do you think of this artwork?
- ④ Which do you prefer?
- ⑤ Do you have any plans?

4. 다음 대화의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은? (2점)

- A: I'm going to ride a bike with my friends today.
 B: That sounds fun. Make sure you wear a helmet!
 A: Okay, I will.

- ① 사과하기 ② 불평하기 ③ 기원하기
- ④ 허락하기 ⑤ 당부하기

[5-6] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Imagine this—you are doing your homework at your desk. Suddenly, you remember that your mom asked you ① to call her. When you pick up your smartphone, a message pops up. It is for a new video from your favorite channel. You watch the video and keep ② watching many other short videos. Then, you hear another sound. There ③ is a sale on the shoes that you really want. You were going to ask your mom to buy them for you. Wait, you forgot ④ calling her two hours ago! If this story feels like ⑤ yours, you may have "popcorn brain." It is easy to experience popcorn brain when you do many things at the same time on your smartphone. You keep moving down the screen and clicking, and many thoughts pop up quickly, like popcorn in a pan! If it happens at night, you may have trouble sleeping.

5. 밑줄의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? (3점)

- ① 스마트폰으로 여러 일을 동시에 하면 팝콘 브레인을 겪기 쉽다.
- ② 새 영상 알림을 확인한 후 다른 짧은 영상들을 계속 시청한다.
- ③ 스마트폰을 계속 클릭하면 머릿속에 여러 생각이 빠르게 떠오른다.
- ④ 두 시간 전에 엄마에게 신발을 사 달라고 전화했던 것을 기억해 낸다.
- ⑤ 밤에 팝콘 브레인 현상이 나타나면 잠드는 데 어려움을 겪을 수 있다.

6. 밑줄의 ①~⑤ 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?(3점)

- ① to call
- ② watching
- ③ is
- ④ calling
- ⑤ yours

7. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은? (3점)

- ① Look at the house _____ roof is red.
- ② I know a boy _____ father is a doctor.
- ③ Do you know the author _____ books are famous?
- ④ We saw a dog _____ tail was very short.
- ⑤ He is the man _____ painted the picture.

8. 다음 대화 내용에 관한 질문에 영어로 바르게 답한 것은? (3점)

G: Henry, do you have any plans for this Sunday?
 H: Oh, you mean July 9. Nothing special.
 G: Do you want to go to The New Kids' concert with me?
 It's a must-see.
 H: That sounds great! Which is better, sitting or standing at the concert?
 G: Sitting is better.
 H: Standing is better. We can see the musicians more closely. We can also dance to the music.
 Q: Why does Henry think standing is better?

- ① Because he can meet the musicians in person.
- ② Because he can dance with the musicians closely.
- ③ Because he can get a closer view and dance.
- ④ Because it is a must-see concert for him.
- ⑤ Because sitting is too boring to enjoy the music

[9-10] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

First, the focus of their paintings is different. Manet focused on people. He painted people in everyday life. For example, in his painting Boating, Manet painted a man and a woman on a boat. (A), Monet liked to paint landscapes and gardens. He enjoyed watching nature in different seasons and times of day. He painted the same subject many times. He created about 250 different paintings of water lilies for his series Water Lilies.

Manet and Monet also differ in their use of color. Manet was a master in the use of black. His painting Masked Ball at the Opera is a good example. (B), in Monet's paintings, black was not used. Dark brown was used (C). Monet also used a lot of light colors in his paintings. You will see them if you look at paintings such as Waterloo Bridge, London, at Sunset or Waves Breaking. If you remember these things, you can easily tell them apart.

9. 밑줄의 밑줄 친 'these things'이 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은? (3점)

- ① 사람과 자연을 묘사할 때 두 화가가 공통적으로 사용한 색채 기법
- ② 마네의 풍경화와 모네의 인물화에 나타난 뚜렷한 시각적 차이
- ③ 두 화가를 구별할 수 있는 그림의 주요 소재와 색상 사용의 차이점
- ④ 짙은 갈색과 밝은 색을 혼합하여 일상생활의 인물을 그리는 방식
- ⑤ 마네와 모네가 각자의 연작(series)에 공통으로 반영한 명암 표현

10. 밑글의 빈칸 (A), (B), (C)에 각각 들어갈 어구로 가장 알맞은 것은? (4점)

- | | (A) | | (B) | | (C) |
|---|--------------|-------|-------------|-------|---------|
| ① | Unlike Manet | ..... | However | ..... | also |
| ② | Like Manet | ..... | However | ..... | instead |
| ③ | Unlike Manet | ..... | However | ..... | instead |
| ④ | Like Manet | ..... | For example | ..... | also |
| ⑤ | Unlike Manet | ..... | For example | ..... | instead |

11. 다음 대화를 읽고 내용과 가장 일치하는 것은? (3점)

W: Henry, you look tired. What's wrong?
 B: I'm just tired, Mom. I went to bed late last night.
 W: You seem to go to bed late these days. Are you okay?
 B: To be honest, I have trouble falling asleep.
 W: That's too bad. What do you usually do before going to bed?
 B: Nothing much. I just watch some short videos and check out social media on my smartphone.
 W: Oh, boy. You need to stop using your smartphone after 10 p.m.

- ① Henry thinks his bedtime habit is a serious problem.
- ② Henry couldn't sleep well only last night.
- ③ Henry watches videos to fall asleep faster.
- ④ Henry promised not to use his phone after 10 p.m.
- ⑤ Mom advises Henry to stop his late-night phone use.

[12-13] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

More importantly, people with popcorn brain have trouble paying attention. They cannot concentrate on one thing for a long time. In a study, people were able to focus on one thing for 2.5 minutes in 2004. Nowadays, people can only concentrate for 47 seconds. If you do not want to have popcorn brain, you need to make some changes. Here are some tips.

12. 밑글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? (3점)

- ① Popcorn Brain: The Result of Short Focus Time
- ② Popcorn Brain: Focus Problems and Helpful Tips
- ③ Popcorn Brain: A Study on Human Brain Changes
- ④ Popcorn Brain: How to Concentrate on Many Things
- ⑤ Popcorn Brain: Why It Started in the Year 2004

13. 밑글의 밑줄 친 마지막 말로 이어질 수 있는 가장 적절한 조연은? (4점)

- ① Practice concentrating on one thing for exactly 47 seconds.
- ② Use your smartphone to enjoy the small things in life.
- ③ Keep your phone away from you when you want to concentrate.
- ④ Play sports with your friends to connect people easily.
- ⑤ Try to read a book and listen to music at the same time.

14. 다음 <A>에 이어지는 (a)~(e)를 자연스러운 대화가 되도록 바르게 배열한 것은? (4점)

<A> Hello, welcome to Dodam Science Museum.
How can I help you?

- (a) Is it okay to take pictures?
- (b) I'm afraid not. No food or drink is allowed in the exhibition.
- (c) Hi. I have a few questions.
- (d) Sure. Feel free to take pictures. Enjoy your visit.
- (e) Is it okay to bring some water to the exhibition?

- ① (c) - (a) - (b) - (e) - (d)
- ② (c) - (e) - (a) - (b) - (d)
- ③ (c) - (e) - (b) - (a) - (d)
- ④ (e) - (b) - (c) - (a) - (d)
- ⑤ (e) - (c) - (a) - (d) - (b)

15. 다음 대화의 (a)에 들어갈 문장으로 가장 적절한 것은? (3점)

G: Wow, what do you think of this artwork?

B: Hmm, it looks a bit strange.

G: (a) _____

B: The people are standing upside down. Also, the colors are so dark.

- ① What makes you think so?
- ② What does the artwork look like?
- ③ Why are they standing upside down?
- ④ Why don't you like this painting?
- ⑤ Why is the color of the painting so dark?

16. 다음 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 알맞은 것은? (3점)

A: I heard the English speech contest is on July 12.
Is that true?

B: _____. It starts on July 2.

- ① That sounds great.
- ② I'm afraid not.
- ③ You're absolutely right.
- ④ Make sure you are on time.
- ⑤ I see your point.

17. 다음 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은? (4점)

- ① We strongly expect our team to win the game.
- ② Popcorn brain is easily happened when you use phones too much.
- ③ I can't find my keys, but I remember putting them on the desk.
- ④ The beautiful artwork is loved by people all over the world.
- ⑤ It is very helpful to drink a glass of water in the morning.

[18-19] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Do you ever mix up people with similar names? In the late 19th century, there were two French painters who had similar names: Manet and Monet. Even today, many people still confuse Manet (a) Monet. So, what are the differences between them?

The names Manet and Monet sound similar, but their painting styles are very different. Do you see dark colors and people in the painting? It's probably Manet. Do you see light colors and gardens? It's probably Monet. If you remember these questions, you can easily tell them apart.

18. 위글의 밑줄 친 them이 가리키는 내용으로 가장 적절한 것은? (3점)

- ① people with similar names
- ② two French painters
- ③ their painting styles
- ④ dark colors and people
- ⑤ light colors and gardens

19. 위글의 빈칸 (a)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (3점)

- ① to
- ② for
- ③ with
- ④ from
- ⑤ about

20. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 알맞은 것은? (3점)

Look at the artwork ____ colors are so dark and unique.

- ① which
- ② that
- ③ what
- ④ of
- ⑤ whose

[21-22] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Monet and Manet are both famous French painters, but their painting styles are different. Monet is known (a) painting landscapes and gardens. He enjoyed (b) light colors in his paintings. If you look at his series Water Lilies, you will notice that. On the other hand, Manet painted people (c) everyday life. He liked to use black color in his paintings. If you look at his painting Masked Ball at the Opera, you can see people in black.

21. 위글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? (3점)

- ① 두 화가의 그림에 나타난 공통점
- ② 마네와 모네의 서로 다른 화풍
- ③ 인물화의 대가 모네, 풍경화의 대가 마네
- ④ 마네와 모네의 대표작이 지닌 예술적 가치
- ⑤ 어두운 색채의 모네, 밝은 색채의 마네

22. 위글의 (a), (b), (c)에 들어갈 단어로 가장 적절한 것은? (4점)

- | | (a) | | (b) | | (c) |
|---|-----|-------|--------|-------|------|
| ① | for | ..... | using | ..... | in |
| ② | as | ..... | using | ..... | in |
| ③ | for | ..... | to use | ..... | of |
| ④ | to | ..... | using | ..... | from |
| ⑤ | as | ..... | to use | ..... | at |

23. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은? (4점)

He painted the same subject many times.

First, the focus of their paintings is different. Manet focused on people. (①) He painted people in everyday life. For example, in his painting Boating, Manet painted a man and a woman on a boat. (②) Unlike Manet, Monet liked to paint landscapes and gardens. (③) He enjoyed watching nature in different seasons and times of day. (④) He created about 250 different paintings of water lilies for his series Water Lilies. (⑤)

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

[24~25] 다음 대화를 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Manet and Monet also differ in their use of color. Manet was a master in the use of black. His painting Masked Ball at the Opera is a good example. However, in Monet's paintings, black was not used. Dark brown was used instead. Monet also used a lot of light colors in his paintings. You will see them if you look at paintings such as Waterloo Bridge, London, at Sunset or Waves Breaking.

24. 밑줄을 읽고 답할 수 없는 질문은? (2점)

- ① What is a good example of Manet's use of black?
- ② Why did Monet prefer light colors and dark brown over black?
- ③ Was black used in Monet's paintings?
- ④ What color was used instead of black in Monet's paintings?
- ⑤ Which paintings show Monet's use of light colors?

25. 밑줄에서 마네(Manet)와 구별되는 모네(Monet)만의 색상 사용 특징은 무엇인가요? (3점)

- ① 검은색을 아예 사용하지 않고 오직 짙은 갈색 하나로만 그림의 명암을 표현했다.
- ② 마네처럼 검은색의 대가였지만, 작품에 따라 가끔 연한 색을 섞어 사용하기도 했다.
- ③ 검은색을 전혀 쓰지 않고 그 대신 짙은 갈색을 썼으며, 연한 색을 많이 사용했다.
- ④ 어두운 분위기를 피하기 위해 검은색 대신 오직 파란색과 흰색만을 섞어서 사용했다.
- ⑤ 짙은 갈색을 철저히 배제하고, 마네보다 더 많은 양의 검은색과 연한 색을 사용했다.

26. 다음 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은? (4점)

- ① It is well known that the painting whose background is dark was painted by Manet.
- ② The bridge whose color was recently changed into black makes the city beautiful.
- ③ It is necessary to make the students whose eyes are tired comfortably.
- ④ Many different colors were used to make the garden whose flowers are famous attractive.
- ⑤ It is not easy to make a friend whose feelings were hurt happy again.

서답형 1. 다음 대화의 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 [조건]에 맞게 영작하시오. (2점) (철자오류 개당 -1, 어법상 오류 부분 점수 없음)

[조건]

1. 우리말 '우리 눈을 피로하게 할 수 있다'의 의미가 되도록 쓸 것.
2. 5형식 구조를 반드시 사용할 것.
3. can, make, eyes, tired 네 단어를 반드시 포함할 것. (필요시 단어 추가 가능)

B : Minji, I heard you don't use your smartphone before going to bed. Is that true?

G : Yes, it is! Using it at night is bad for our health.

B : That's right. It can cause popcorn brain.

G : Also, the bright screen _____.

→ _____

서답형 2. 주어진 [상황]을 [조건]에 맞게 한 문장으로 나타내시오. (3점) (철자오류 개당 -1, 어법상 오류 부분 점수 없음)

[상황]

You see bright colors. You will feel cheerful.

[조건]

1. 접속사 'if'를 사용하여 두 문장을 한 문장으로 연결할 것.
2. 'if'가 포함된 절을 문장의 뒤에 위치시킬 것.
3. 주어진 단어 'You'로 시작하여 총 9단어로 완성할 것.

→ You _____

서답형 3. 다음 [제시문]의 의미와 같은 문장을 [주어진 단어]에 맞게 영어로 작성하시오. (철자오류 개당 -1, 어법상 오류 부분 점수 없음)

1) (3점)

[제시문]

이 예술 작품은 Red Hong Yi에 의해 창조되었다.

[주어진 단어]

1. create, by를 반드시 포함할 것.
2. This artwork로 시작하는 완전한 문장으로 쓸 것.

→This artwork _____

2) (3점)

[제시문]

새로운 언어를 배우는 것은 흥미롭다.

[주어진 단어]

1. 'It'으로 시작하는 완전한 문장으로 쓸 것.
2. interesting, learn, language를 반드시 포함할 것.
3. 총 8단어로 작성할 것. (필요시 단어 추가)

→ _____

서답형 4. 다음 주어진 대화 내용을 요약한 문장을 [조건]에 맞게 완성하시오. (9점) (철자오류 개당 -1, 어법상 오류 부분 점수 없음)

1) (4점)

W: May I have your attention, please? This is your English teacher, Ms. Seo. This is a reminder about the English speech contest. It starts on July 2 at 3 p.m. Make sure you are on time.

[조건]

1. 우리말 'Ms. Seo는 학생들에게 제시간에 오라고 말씀하셨다.'의 의미가 되도록 요약할 것.
2. tell, on time을 반드시 활용할 것.
3. 시제와 어법에 맞게 형태를 변형하여 빈칸을 총 7단어로 완성할 것.

→Ms. Seo _____

2) (5점)

Manet and Monet differ in their use of color. Manet was a master in the use of black. However, in Monet's paintings, black was not used. Dark brown was used instead.

[조건]

1. 우리말 '모네의 그림들에서 검은색을 발견하는 것은 기대되지 않는다.'의 의미가 되도록 요약할 것.
2. 'It'으로 시작하여 작성할 것.
3. expect, find, black을 활용하여 빈칸을 총 10단어로 완성할 것.

→ _____

끝. ^^ 수고하셨습니다.